# Equipment Inspection Report

**Owner/User:**

| **Year of Manufacture:** | **Date of Purchase:** | **Date of first use:** |
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All equipment used for personal fall protection should be inspected before each use. Users of equipment should receive training and instruction about inspection procedures. The inspection form and guidelines contained in this manual are recommendations only. A company or personal inspection plan needs to address the hazards and conditions specific to the use of the equipment and should be implemented by someone who is "qualified"* or "competent"* to carry out such inspections.

The form below is intended to be used as a routine or scheduled inspection to determine the service condition over a period of time.
Conditions in which the equipment is used will vary. However, it is generally accepted that the following service life be considered in your inspection procedures:
1) Webbing components: maximum service life 3 years for low UV exposure, 2 years for high UV exposure.
2) Lifelines and rope grabs: maximum service life 1 year.
3) Snaphooks and carabiners: maximum service life 1 year.

**Instructions:**

1. All components must be inspected for wear and damage.
2. Write **"Pass"** or **"Fail"** according to inspection results.
3. Tag or mark equipment that fails to pass inspection and remove from service.
4. Maintain completed inspection report with equipment.

**Procedures:**

A. No webbing frays, nicks/cuts, exposure or damage by chemicals.
B. All stitching is intact with no cuts, fraying or missing stitches.
C. All hardware is free of deformations, rust or impaired function.
D. Rope splice intact, splice cover and thimble in place and undamaged.
E. All manufacturer labels are in place and clearly visible.

| Inspector Name | Date of Inspection | MFR ID Labels | Lifeline and Splice | Webbing and Stitching | Shock Absorber | D-rings, Buckles, Snaphooks and Connectors | Rope Grab | Anchor Legs | Webbing |
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**WARNING:** Equipment that is subjected to a free fall "In Service Loading,"* has been damaged in some way, has failed to pass inspection, or has been in service for the recommended period should be disposed of in such a way as it cannot be used again. The recommended method for disposing of webbing and lifelines is to cut them into unusable pieces. Hardware should be tagged "DO NOT USE" and disposed of.

Note: OSHA standards require that every component of a personal fall protection system including the anchorage device be removed from service when subjected to a fall impact.

**Comments:**

*See Definitions, Page 21